

Benchmarking Information Security

Bill Dixon Nebraska CERT Conference August 22, 2008



Agenda



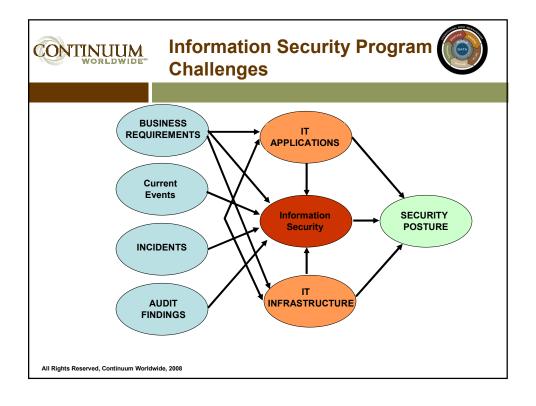
- Information Security Management Challenges
- Establishing Frameworks
- Metrics
- Benchmarking
- Benchmark Scenario
- Discussion
- Questions

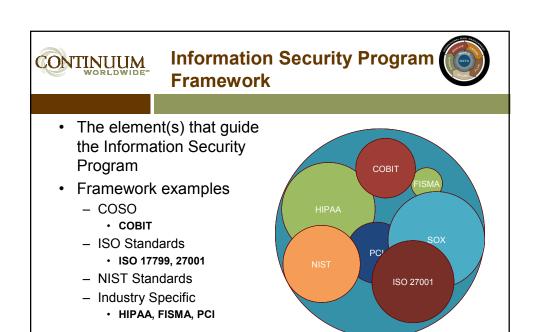


Current Security Posture



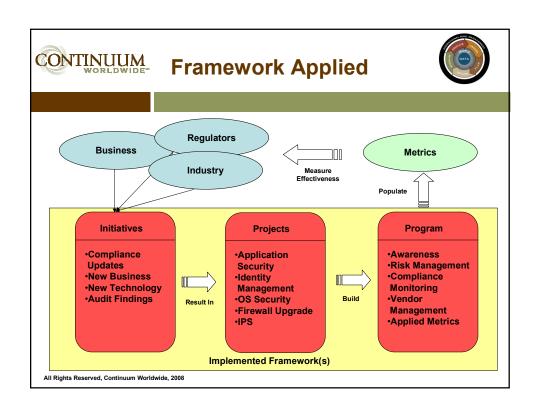
- · Inventory current activities in:
 - Regulatory compliance
 - Systems security
 - Network security
 - Physical security
- · Identify areas of growth
 - Application security
 - Mobile devices
 - Business partner access management

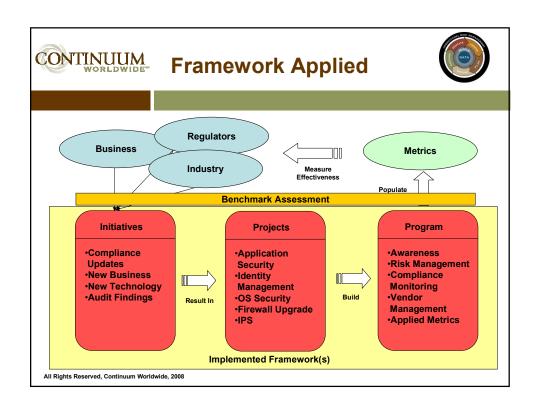




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Example Information Security CONTINUUM **Framework** Cross-Functional Understandable Internal Environment **Objective Setting** Extensible **Event Identification** Risk Response Multiple frameworks Control Activities may apply Information & Communication Monitoring All Rights Reserved, Continuum Worldwide, 2008







Warning!!





A discussion on Metrics is approaching.... Prepare accordingly.

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Metrics: Revisited



- Metrics are an important aspect to benchmarking
- But....
 - They must have a meaning
- Collecting metrics for the sake of metrics is counter productive
- · Metrics need to make sense for their intent



Metrics: Places to start



- IT Change management
- · Security patches
- Malware detected and eradicated
- Audit points
- Incidents
- Firewall & IDS statistics
- System & network vulnerabilities
- Security awareness

Source: Hinson, Gary. ISSA Journal. Seven Myths About Information Security Metrics. July 2006

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Metrics to Benchmarks



- · Imperfections are ok
 - The standards that are benchmarked to are the constants
- Understand the mark that is to be achieved.
 - i.e. security patches are risk assessed, tested, and implemented within x days of release
- Prioritize based on risk to the business
 - Makes benchmarking exercises much more effective



Benchmarking



- · Benchmarking an Information Security Program enables:
 - The prioritization of initiatives
 - Realization of budget requirements based on industry
 - Establish metrics for success

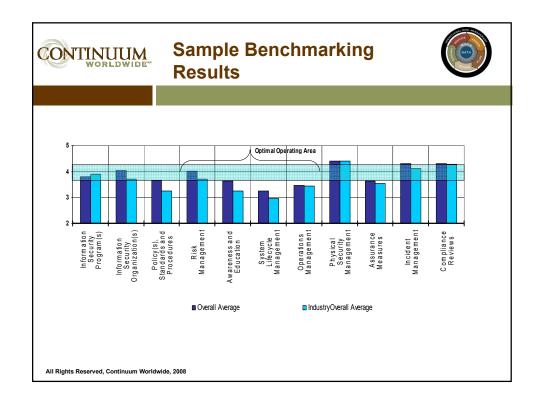
- Infosec Program
- Infosec Organization Infosec Planning
- Policy Management Risk Management
- Monitoring the Program
- Review of Security Controls

Operational Controls

- Lifecycle Management HW/SW Maintenance
- Personnel Security
- Physical & Environmental
- Protection Production
- Input/Output Controls
- **Data Classification** Awareness & Training
- Incident Response

Technical Controls

- Identification. Authentication, & Access Control
- Network Security Architecture
- Technical Vulnerability Management





Benchmark Scenario



- Organization profile
 - 60 year old financial services company
 - Multiple lines of business
 - Investment
 - Securities
 - · Retirement planning
 - · On-line brokerage
 - Subject to GLBA, SEC, SOX, and PCI requirements

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Benchmark Scenario



- · NIST based information security program
- · Identify gaps in program
 - Policy
 - Procedures
 - Technology
 - Resources
 - People
 - Budget
- Identified 11 key components for evaluation



Areas of Focus



- 1. Information Security Program
- 2. Information Security Organization
- 3. Polices, Standards, Processes
- 4. Risk Management
- 5. Awareness
- 6. Systems Lifecycle Management
- 7. Operations Management
- 8. Physical Security
- 9. Assurance
- 10. Incident Response
- 11. Compliance

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Benchmark Scenario: Technical Assessment



- · Technical vulnerability Assessment of following
 - DMZ/Internet Facing Systems
 - Windows platforms
 - UNIX platforms
 - Firewall rule base
- Identify weakness in configuration and system management

